

Resolução das atividades complementares - MAT7_05NUM06

1) Calcule as potências abaixo:

- a) $3^{-3} \times 9^2$
- b) $\left(\frac{1}{4^{-2}}\right) \times 2^6$
- c) $\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^4 \times \left(\frac{1}{2^{-3}}\right)$

2) Simplifique ao máximo a seguinte expressão:

$$25^3 \times 9^{-3} \times \frac{1}{27^2} \times 5^{-3}$$

3) [Desafio] Calcule as seguintes expressões:

$$25^{-5} \times 9 \times \frac{1}{27^2} \times 15^2$$

$$2^{-2} \times 4^{-3} \times \frac{1}{27^2} \times 3^{-2}$$

Respostas:

1)

- a) $3^{-3} \times 9^2 = 3^{-3} \times (3^2)^2 = 3^{-3} \times 3^4 = 3^{-3+4} = 3$
- b) $\left(\frac{1}{4^{-2}}\right) \times 2^6 = \frac{2^6}{2^{-4}} = 2^{6-(-4)} = 2^{6+4} = 2^{10}$
- c) $\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^4 \times \left(\frac{1}{2^{-3}}\right) = \frac{3^4}{2^4} \times \left(\frac{1}{2^{-3}}\right) = \frac{3^4}{2^4 \times 2^{-3}} = \frac{3^4}{2}$

2)

$$\begin{aligned} 25^3 \times 9^{-3} \times \frac{1}{27^2} \times 5^{-3} &= (5^2)^3 \times (3^2)^{-3} \times \frac{1}{(3^3)^2} \times 5^{-3} = 5^6 \times 5^{-3} \times 3^{-6} \times \frac{1}{3^6} \\ &= 5^{6-3} \times \frac{3^{-6}}{(3^3)^2} = 5 \times \frac{3^{-6}}{3^6} = 5 \times 3^{-6-6} = 5 \times 3^{-12} \end{aligned}$$

3)

$$25^{-5} \times 9 \times \frac{1}{27^2} \times 15^2 = (5^2)^{-5} \times 3^2 \times \frac{1}{(3^3)^{-2}} \times (3 \times 5)^2 = 5^{-10} \times \frac{3^2}{3^{-6}} \times 3^2 \times 5^2$$

$$= 5^{-10} \times 5^2 \times \frac{3^2 \times 3^2}{3^{-6}} = 5^{-8} \times \frac{3^4}{3^{-6}} = 5^{-8} \times 3^{4-(-6)} = 5^{-8} \times 3^{4+6} = 5^{-8} \times 3^{10}$$

$$\begin{aligned}2^{-2} \times 4^{-3} \times \frac{1}{27^{-2}} \times 3^{-2} &= 2^{-2} \times (2^2)^{-3} \times \frac{1}{(3^3)^{-2}} \times 3^{-2} = 2^{-2} \times 2^{-6} \times \frac{1}{3^{-6}} \times 3^{-2} \\&= 2^{-8} \times \frac{3^{-2}}{3^{-6}} = 2^{-8} \times 3^{-2-(-6)} = 2^{-8} \times 3^{-2+6} = 2^{-8} \times 3^4\end{aligned}$$